

5:00 pm, Apr 18 2024

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U.S. Department of Justice

United States Attorney  
District of Maryland

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March 28, 2024

**VIA EMAIL**

Sasha Garcon, Esq.  
Assistant Federal Public Defender  
Office of the Federal Public Defender for the District of Maryland  
100 S. Charles Street Tower II, 9<sup>th</sup> Floor  
Baltimore, MD 21201  
Sasha\_Garcon@fd.org

Re: United States v. Bernard Edwards  
Criminal Case No. BAH-23-377

Dear Counsel:

This letter, together with the Sealed Supplement, confirms the plea agreement (this “Agreement”) that has been offered to your client, Bernard Edwards (hereinafter “Defendant”), by the United States Attorney’s Office for the District of Maryland (“this Office”, together “the parties”). If the Defendant accepts this offer, please have the Defendant execute it in the spaces provided below. If this offer has not been accepted by May 30, 2024, it will be deemed withdrawn. The terms of the Agreement are as follows:

**Offense of Conviction**

1. The Defendant agrees to plead guilty to Count One of the Indictment, which charges the Defendant with Possession of a Firearm and Ammunition by a Prohibited Person in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 922(g). The Defendant further agrees to plead guilty to Count Two of the Indictment, which charges the Defendant with Unlawful Possession of a Machinegun in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 922(o). The Defendant admits that the Defendant is, in fact, guilty of the offenses and will so advise the Court.

**Elements of the Offenses**

2. The elements of the offenses to which the Defendant has agreed to plead guilty, and which this Office would prove if the case went to trial, are as follows:

**Count One:**

That on or about June 23, 2023, in the District of Maryland:

- a. Defendant knowingly possessed ammunition, as that term is defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921(a)(17)(A);
- b. Defendant had been convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year and his civil rights had not been restored, and that he knew of his status; and,
- c. The ammunition affected interstate commerce because it was manufactured outside of the State of Maryland.

**Count Two:**

That on or about June 23, 2023, in the District of Maryland:

- a. Defendant knowingly possessed a machinegun, as defined in 26 U.S.C. § 5845(b);
- b. The machine gun was not registered to defendant in the National Firearms Registration and Transfer Record.

**Penalties**

3. The maximum penalties provided by statute for the offense to which the Defendant is pleading guilty are as follows:

Count	Statute	Minimum Prison	Maximum Prison	Supervised Release	Maximum Fine	Special Assessment
1	18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(1)	N/A	15 years	3 years	\$250,000	\$100
2	18 U.S.C. § 922(o)	N/A	10 years	3 years	\$250,000	\$100

a. Prison: If the Court orders a term of imprisonment, the Bureau of Prisons has sole discretion to designate the institution at which it will be served.

b. Supervised Release: If the Court orders a term of supervised release, and the Defendant violates the conditions of supervised release, the Court may order the Defendant returned to custody to serve a term of imprisonment as permitted by statute, followed by an additional term of supervised release.

c. Restitution: The Court may order the Defendant to pay restitution pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §§ 3663, 3663A, and 3664.

d. Payment: If a fine or restitution is imposed, it shall be payable immediately, unless the Court orders otherwise under 18 U.S.C. § 3572(d). The Defendant may be required to pay interest if the fine is not paid when due.

e. Forfeiture: The Court may enter an order of forfeiture of assets directly traceable to the offense, substitute assets, and/or a money judgment equal to the value of the property subject to forfeiture.

f. Collection of Debts: If the Court imposes a fine or restitution, this Office's Financial Litigation Unit will be responsible for collecting the debt. If the Court establishes a schedule of payments, the Defendant agrees that: (1) the full amount of the fine or restitution is nonetheless due and owing immediately; (2) the schedule of payments is merely a minimum schedule of payments and not the only method, nor a limitation on the methods, available to the United States to enforce the judgment; and (3) the United States may fully employ all powers to collect on the total amount of the debt as provided by law. Until the debt is paid, the Defendant agrees to disclose all assets in which the Defendant has any interest or over which the Defendant exercises direct or indirect control. Until the money judgment is satisfied, the Defendant authorizes this Office to obtain a credit report in order to evaluate the Defendant's ability to pay, and to request and review the Defendant's federal and state income tax returns. The Defendant agrees to complete and sign a copy of IRS Form 8821 (relating to the voluntary disclosure of federal tax return information) and a financial statement in a form provided by this Office.

**Waiver of Rights**

4. The Defendant understands that by entering into this Agreement, the Defendant surrenders certain rights as outlined below:

a. If the Defendant had pleaded not guilty and persisted in that plea, the Defendant would have had the right to a speedy jury trial with the close assistance of competent counsel. That trial could be conducted by a judge, without a jury, if the Defendant, this Office, and the Court all agreed.

b. If the Defendant elected a jury trial, the jury would be composed of twelve individuals selected from the community. Counsel and the Defendant would have the opportunity to challenge prospective jurors who demonstrated bias or who were otherwise unqualified, and would have the opportunity to strike a certain number of jurors peremptorily. All twelve jurors would have to agree unanimously before the Defendant could be found guilty of any count. The jury would be instructed that the Defendant was presumed to be innocent, and that presumption could be overcome only by proof beyond a reasonable doubt.

c. If the Defendant went to trial, the Government would have the burden of proving the Defendant guilty beyond a reasonable doubt. The Defendant would have the right to confront and cross-examine the Government's witnesses. The Defendant would not have to present any defense witnesses or evidence whatsoever. If the Defendant wanted to call witnesses in defense, however, the Defendant would have the subpoena power of the Court to compel the witnesses to attend.

d. The Defendant would have the right to testify in the Defendant's own defense if the Defendant so chose, and the Defendant would have the right to refuse to testify. If the Defendant chose not to testify, the Court could instruct the jury that they could not draw any adverse inference from the Defendant's decision not to testify.

e. If the Defendant were found guilty after a trial, the Defendant would have the right to appeal the verdict and the Court's pretrial and trial decisions on the admissibility of evidence to see if any errors were committed which would require a new trial or dismissal of the charges. By pleading guilty, the Defendant knowingly gives up the right to appeal the verdict and the Court's decisions.

f. By pleading guilty, the Defendant will be giving up all of these rights, except the right, under the limited circumstances set forth in the "Waiver of Appeal" paragraph below, to appeal the sentence. By pleading guilty, the Defendant understands that the Defendant may have to answer the Court's questions both about the rights being given up and about the facts of the case. Any statements that the Defendant makes during such a hearing would not be admissible against the Defendant during a trial except in a criminal proceeding for perjury or false statement.

g. If the Court accepts the Defendant's plea of guilty, the Defendant will be giving up the right to file and have the Court rule on pretrial motions, and there will be no further trial or proceeding of any kind in the above-referenced criminal case, and the Court will find the Defendant guilty.

h. By pleading guilty, the Defendant will also be giving up certain valuable civil rights and may be subject to deportation or other loss of immigration status, including possible denaturalization. The Defendant recognizes that if the Defendant is not a citizen of the United States, or is a naturalized citizen, pleading guilty may have consequences with respect to the Defendant's immigration status. Under federal law, conviction for a broad range of crimes can lead to adverse immigration consequences, including automatic removal from the United States. Removal and other immigration consequences are the subject of a separate proceeding, however, and the Defendant understands that no one, including the Defendant's attorney or the Court, can predict with certainty the effect of a conviction on immigration status. The Defendant is not relying on any promise or belief about the immigration consequences of pleading guilty. The Defendant nevertheless affirms that the Defendant wants to plead guilty regardless of any potential immigration consequences.

**Advisory Sentencing Guidelines Apply**

5. The Defendant understands that the Court will determine a sentencing guidelines range for this case (henceforth the "advisory guidelines range") pursuant to the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984 at 18 U.S.C. § 3551-3742 (excepting 18 U.S.C. § 3553(b)(1) and 3742(e)) and 28 U.S.C. §§ 991 through 998. The Defendant further understands that the Court will impose a sentence pursuant to the Sentencing Reform Act, as excised, and must take into account the advisory guidelines range in establishing a reasonable sentence.

**Factual and Advisory Guidelines Stipulation**

6. This Office and the Defendant stipulate and agree to the Statement of Facts set forth in Attachment A, which is incorporated by reference herein. This Office and the Defendant further agree that the guidelines applicable are as follow:

- a. The parties agree that the applicable **base offense level** for both Counts One and Two are determined by the United States Sentencing Guidelines (“U.S.S.G.”) § 2K2.1. The parties further agree that these counts group for the purpose of calculating the base offense level, pursuant to U.S.S.G. §3D1.2(d).
- b. The parties disagree, however, about the particular base offense level that applies in this case, and the parties reserve the right to advocate for their respective positions, which are summarized as follows:
  - i. **This Office’s position** is that the applicable base offense level is **22** because the offense involved a firearm that is described in 26 U.S.C. § 5845(a), and the Defendant committed the instant offense subsequent to sustaining one felony conviction that was a crime of violence. §2K2.1(a)(3).
  - ii. **The Defendant’s position** is that the Defendant’s base offense level is **20** because the offense involved a firearm that is described in 26 U.S.C. § 5845(a), and the defendant was a prohibited person at the time the defendant committed the offense. §2K2.1(a)(4)(B).
- c. This Office and the Defendant agree that because the offense involved between three and seven firearms, the base offense level is **increased 2-levels** pursuant to U.S.S.G. §2K2.1(b)(1)(A).
- d. This Office and the Defendant further agree that because the offense involved a stolen firearm, the base offense level is increased an **additional 2-levels** pursuant to U.S.S.G. §2K2.1(b)(4).
- e. This Office does not oppose a **2-level reduction** in the Defendant’s adjusted offense level pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 3E1.1(a) based upon the Defendant’s apparent prompt recognition and affirmative acceptance of personal responsibility for the Defendant’s criminal conduct. This Office agrees to make a motion pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 3E1.1(b) for an additional **1-level decrease** in recognition of the Defendant’s timely notification of the Defendant’s intention to enter a plea of guilty. This Office may oppose any adjustment for acceptance of responsibility under U.S.S.G. § 3E1.1(a), and may decline to make a motion pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 3E1.1(b), if the Defendant: (i) fails to admit each and every item in the factual stipulation; (ii) denies involvement in the offense; (iii) gives conflicting statements about the Defendant’s involvement in the offense; (iv) is untruthful with the Court,

this Office, or the United States Probation Office; (v) obstructs or attempts to obstruct justice prior to sentencing; (vi) engages in any criminal conduct between the date of this Agreement and the date of sentencing; (vii) attempts to withdraw the plea of guilty; or (viii) violates this Agreement in any way.

Therefore, the final offense level is **either 23 or 21**.

7. There is no agreement as to the Defendant's criminal history and the Defendant understands that the Defendant's criminal history could alter the Defendant's offense level. The Defendant further understands that the Court will determine the Defendant's criminal history when it determines the guidelines calculation at sentencing.

8. Other than as set forth above, no other offense characteristics, sentencing guidelines factors, potential departures or adjustments set forth in the United States Sentencing Guidelines are in dispute or will be raised in calculating the advisory guidelines range.

#### **Rule 11(c)(1)(C) Plea**

9. The parties stipulate and agree pursuant to Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11(c)(1)(C) that a sentencing **between 60 and 78 months'** imprisonment in the custody of the Bureau of Prisons is the appropriate disposition of this case, taking into consideration the nature and circumstances of the offense, the Defendant's criminal history, and all of the other factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a). This Agreement does not affect the Court's discretion to impose any lawful term of supervised release or fine, or to set any lawful conditions of probation or supervised release. The Defendant understands that the Court has discretion whether to accept or reject this Agreement pursuant to Rule 11(c)(1)(C). In the event that the Court rejects this Agreement, except under the circumstances noted below, either party may elect to declare the Agreement null and void. Should the Defendant so elect, the Defendant will be afforded the opportunity to withdraw his plea pursuant to the provisions of Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11(c)(5). The parties agree that, if the Court finds that the Defendant engaged in obstructive or unlawful behavior and/or failed to acknowledge personal responsibility as set forth herein, neither the Court nor the Government will be bound by the specific sentence contained in this Agreement, and the Defendant will not be able to withdraw his plea.

#### **Obligations of the Parties**

10. Subject to the above provision, at the time of sentencing, this Office and the Defendant will each recommend a sentencing **between 60 months' and 78 months' imprisonment**. This Office and the Defendant reserve the right to bring to the Court's attention all information with respect to the Defendant's background, character, and conduct that this Office or the Defendant deem relevant to sentencing, including the conduct that is the subject of any counts of the Indictment. At the time of sentencing, this Office will move to dismiss any open counts against the Defendant.

**Waiver of Appeal**

11. In exchange for the concessions made by this Office and the Defendant in this Agreement, this Office and the Defendant waive their rights to appeal as follows:

a. The Defendant knowingly waives all right, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1291 or any other statute or constitutional provision, to appeal the Defendant's conviction on any ground whatsoever. This includes a waiver of all right to appeal the Defendant's conviction on the ground that the statute(s) to which the Defendant is pleading guilty is unconstitutional, or on the ground that the admitted conduct does not fall within the scope of the statute(s), to the extent that such challenges legally can be waived.

b. The Defendant and this Office knowingly and expressly waive all rights conferred by 18 U.S.C. § 3742 to appeal whatever sentence is imposed (including any term of imprisonment, fine, term of supervised release, or order of restitution) for any reason (including the establishment of the advisory sentencing guidelines range, any determinations the Court makes in furtherance of its determinations under the United States Sentencing Guidelines, the determination of the Defendant's criminal history, the weighing of the sentencing factors, and any constitutional challenges to the calculation and imposition of any term of imprisonment, fine, order of forfeiture, order of restitution, and term or condition of supervised release), except as follows:

i. The Defendant reserves the right to appeal any sentence greater than 78 months imprisonment; and

ii. This Office reserves the right to appeal any sentence less than 60 months imprisonment.

c. The Defendant waives any and all rights under the Freedom of Information Act relating to the investigation and prosecution of the above-captioned matter and agrees not to file any request for documents from this Office or any investigating agency.

**Forfeiture**

12. The Defendant understands that the Court may enter an Order of Forfeiture as part of the Defendant's sentence, and that the Order of Forfeiture may include assets directly traceable to the offense(s), substitute assets, and/or a money judgment equal to the value of the property derived from, or otherwise involved in, the offenses.

13. Specifically, but without limitation on the Government's right to forfeit all property subject to forfeiture as permitted by law, the Defendant agrees to forfeit to the United States all of the Defendant's right, title, and interest in the following items that the Defendant agrees constitute money, property, and/or assets derived from or obtained by the Defendant as a result of, or used to facilitate the commission of, the Defendant's illegal activities:

- a. a .357 caliber Glock 31 Gen 4 bearing serial number BXUY190;
- b. a 9mm Glock 45 equipped with a machinegun conversion device and bearing serial number BNTV27;
- c. a 9mm Glock 26 bearing serial number NFN721;
- d. a .357 caliber Ruger GP100 bearing serial number 174-07603;
- e. a 5.56x45mm NATO caliber Polymer AR pistol equipped with a machinegun conversion device; and
- f. approximately 1,168 rounds of assorted ammunition.

14. The Defendant agrees to consent to the entry of orders of forfeiture for the property described herein and waives the requirements of Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure 11(b)(1)(J), 32.2, and 43(a) regarding notice of the forfeiture in the charging instrument, advice regarding forfeiture during the change of plea hearing, announcement of the forfeiture at sentencing, and incorporation of the forfeiture in the judgment.

15. The Defendant agrees to assist fully in the forfeiture of the above property. The Defendant agrees to disclose all assets and sources of income, to consent to all requests for access to information related to assets and income, and to take all steps necessary to pass clear title to the forfeited assets to the United States, including executing all documents necessary to transfer such title, assisting in bringing any assets located outside of the United States within the jurisdiction of the United States, and taking whatever steps are necessary to ensure that assets subject to forfeiture are made available for forfeiture.

16. The Defendant waives all challenges to any forfeiture carried out in accordance with this Agreement on any grounds, including any and all constitutional, legal, equitable, statutory, or administrative grounds brought by any means, including through direct appeal, habeas corpus petition, or civil complaint. The Defendant will not challenge or seek review of any civil or administrative forfeiture of any property subject to forfeiture under this Agreement, and will not assist any third party with any challenge or review or any petition for remission of forfeiture.

#### **Defendant's Conduct Prior to Sentencing and Breach**

17. Between now and the date of the sentencing, the Defendant will not engage in conduct that constitutes obstruction of justice under U.S.S.G. § 3C1.1; will not violate any federal, state, or local law; will acknowledge guilt to the probation officer and the Court; will be truthful in any statement to the Court, this Office, law enforcement agents, and probation officers; will cooperate in the preparation of the presentence report; and will not move to withdraw from the plea of guilty or from this Agreement.

18. If the Defendant engages in conduct prior to sentencing that violates the above paragraph of this Agreement, and the Court finds a violation by a preponderance of the evidence, then: (i) this Office will be free from its obligations under this Agreement; (ii) this Office may make sentencing arguments and recommendations different from those set out in this Agreement, even if the Agreement was reached pursuant to Rule 11(c)(1)(C); and (iii) in any criminal or civil proceeding, this Office will be free to use against the Defendant all statements made by the

Defendant and any of the information or materials provided by the Defendant, including statements, information, and materials provided pursuant to this Agreement, and statements made during proceedings before the Court pursuant to Rule 11 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure. A determination that this Office is released from its obligations under this Agreement will not permit the Defendant to withdraw the guilty plea. The Defendant acknowledges that the Defendant may not withdraw the Defendant's guilty plea—even if made pursuant to Rule 11(c)(1)(C)—if the Court finds that the Defendant breached the Agreement. In that event, neither the Court nor the Government will be bound by the specific sentence or sentencing range agreed and stipulated to herein pursuant to Rule 11(c)(1)(C).

**Court Not a Party**

19. The Court is not a party to this Agreement. The sentence to be imposed is within the sole discretion of the Court. The Court is not bound by the Sentencing Guidelines stipulation in this Agreement. The Court will determine the facts relevant to sentencing. The Court is not required to accept any recommendation or stipulation of the parties. In the event the Court rejects this Rule 11(c)(1)(C) plea agreement, pursuant to Rule 11(c)(5)(C), the Defendant will be informed that he may withdraw his plea. If he persists in the guilty plea thereafter, the Defendant understands that the disposition of the case may be less favorable than that contemplated by this agreement. Neither the prosecutor, defense counsel, nor the Court can make a binding prediction, promise, or representation as to what guidelines range or sentence the Defendant will receive. The Defendant agrees that no one has made such a binding prediction or promise.

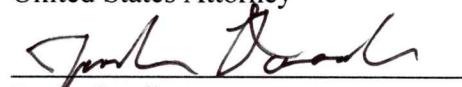
**Entire Agreement**

20. This letter, together with the Sealed Supplement, constitutes the complete plea agreement in this case. This letter, together with the Sealed Supplement, supersedes any prior understandings, promises, or conditions between this Office and the Defendant. There are no other agreements, promises, undertakings, or understandings between the Defendant and this Office other than those set forth in this letter and the Sealed Supplement. No changes to this Agreement will be effective unless in writing, signed by all parties and approved by the Court.

If the Defendant fully accepts each and every term and condition of this Agreement, please sign and have the Defendant sign the original and return it to me promptly.

Very truly yours,

Erek L. Barron  
United States Attorney

  
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Jacob Gordin  
Special Assistant United States Attorney

I have read this Agreement, including the Sealed Supplement, and carefully reviewed every part of it with my attorney. I understand it and I voluntarily agree to it. Specifically, I have reviewed the Factual and Advisory Guidelines Stipulation with my attorney and I do not wish to change any part of it. I am completely satisfied with the representation of my attorney.

4/9/2024

Date

Bernard Edwards

Bernard Edwards

I am the Defendant's attorney. I have carefully reviewed every part of this Agreement, including the Sealed Supplement with the Defendant. The Defendant advises me that the Defendant understands and accepts its terms. To my knowledge, the Defendant's decision to enter into this Agreement is an informed and voluntary one.

4/9/2024

Date

  
Sasha Garcon

Dara A. Jackson-Garrett  
Counsel for Defendant

**ATTACHMENT A**  
**STIPULATION OF FACTS**

*The undersigned parties stipulate and agree that if this case had proceeded to trial, this Office would have proven the following facts beyond a reasonable doubt. The undersigned parties also stipulate and agree that the following facts do not encompass all of the evidence that would have been presented had this matter proceeded to trial.*

On June 8, 2023, at approximately 12:25 a.m., an officer from the Baltimore Police Department, in a marked patrol vehicle, observed a gray 2019 Chevrolet Malibu with an expired temporary license plate driving on the 5600 block of The Alameda. The officer initiated a traffic stop on the vehicle. The Defendant, Bernard Edwards (“Edwards”), was the vehicle’s driver and sole occupant.

The officer requested the Edwards’ driver’s license, registration, and proof of insurance. Edwards provided his license and an expired registration card and began searching his cellphone for insurance information. During this time, Edwards appeared nervous, and his hands were shaking. Using a departmental flashlight, the officer looked through the vehicle’s rear passenger window and observed what appeared to be a gray-colored assault rifle in plain view. The officer ordered Edwards to exit the vehicle. Edwards refused and drove away at high speed, leaving behind his license and registration.

Based on the incident above, law enforcement applied for a search and seizure warrant which was granted by the District Court of Baltimore City. On the morning of June 28, 2023, officers from the Baltimore Police Department executed the warrant at Edwards’ house located at 1401 Meridene Drive, Baltimore City. During the execution of this warrant, Edwards along with three other individuals and a child, were detained in the living room area and all were informed of their rights. After being advised of these rights, Edwards voluntarily disclosed to the officers the presence of firearms within the residence, cautioning that one of the firearms might “go off by itself.”

Officers recovered from the Defendant’s bedroom the following items:

1. A .357 caliber Glock 31 Gen 4, bearing serial number BXUY190;
2. A 9mm Glock 45 bearing serial number BNTV27, modified with a machinegun conversion device;
3. A 9mm Glock 26, with the serial number NFN721;
4. A .357 caliber Ruger GP100, serial number 174-07603, which was later identified as stolen;
5. A 5.56x45mm NATO caliber Polymer AR pistol bearing no serial number, modified with a machinegun conversion device; and
6. Approximately one thousand one hundred sixty-eight rounds of assorted ammunition.

Edwards admits that he knowingly possessed the above-listed items.

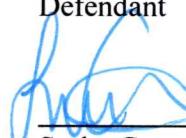
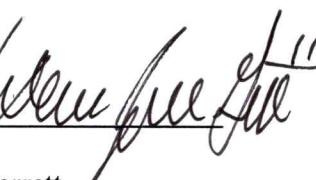
The firearms were test-fired to determine operability. Firearms experts confirmed that the Glock 31, Glock 45, Glock 26 and Ruger GP100 were operable and therefore are firearms as defined by 18 U.S.C. § 921(a)(3). The ammunition met the definition of ammunition as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921(a)(17). The firearms and ammunition that the Defendant possessed affected interstate commerce, as they were manufactured outside the State of Maryland.

The Defendant knew the essential characteristics of both the above-listed Polymer AR pistol and Glock 45 that made each weapon “machineguns” as defined by 18 U.S.C. § 921(a)(24) and 26 U.S.C. § 5845(b). Neither machinegun was registered in the Defendant's name within the National Firearms Registration and Transfer Record.

All the above-described events took place in the District of Maryland.

SO STIPULATED:

  
Jacob Gordin  
Special Assistant United States Attorney

  
Bernard Edwards  
Defendant  
  
Sasha Garcon  
  
Dara A. Jackson-Garrett  
Counsel for Defendant